

# **Asus X501A-RH31 Motherboard Replacement**

This guide will show how to remove and replace...

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## **INTRODUCTION**

This guide will show how to remove and replace the motherboard. Please note the motherboard is a very fragile component of the laptop and can break easily.



## **TOOLS:**

Spudger (1)

iFixit Opening Tool (1)

Tweezers (1)

Phillips #00 Screwdriver (1)

## Step 1 — Battery

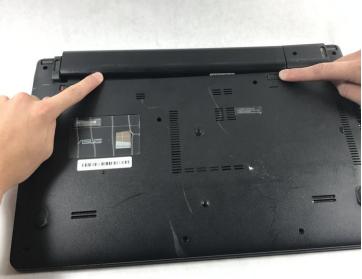


 Turn the laptop over so that the back is facing upwards.



 To unlock the left tab, make sure the tab on the left has red showing.

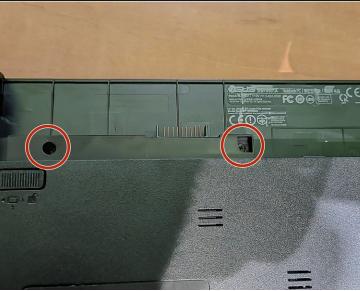




- To unlock the right tab, push the right slider to the left with one hand.
- Push the battery out with the other hand.

## Step 4 — Keyboard



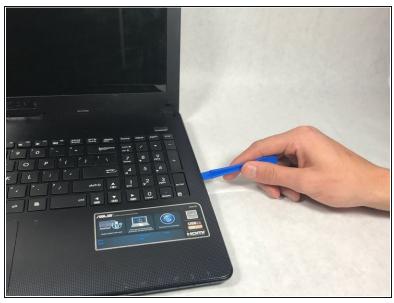


- Using the Phillips #00 screwdriver unscrew all nine screws from the bottom of the laptop, as well as the additional two screws inside the battery compartment.
  - (i) Nine of the screws are 5 mm long, 4.5 mm in diameter, while two screws closest to the hinges are 7 mm long.

# Step 5



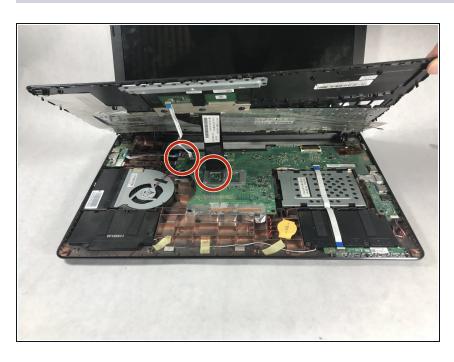
 Turn the laptop over and open the top so the keyboard is facing you.



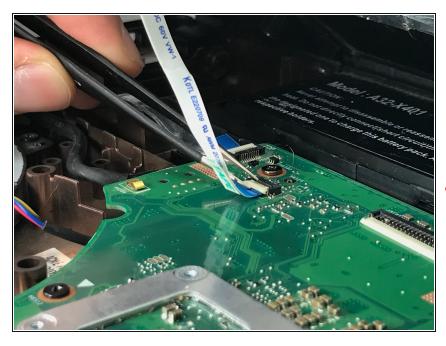


- Pry off the keyboard cover on the edge using the plastic opening tool.
- Start from one side. Once it is lose, carry out the same procedure on the front and other side.

Only do little sections at a time as the keyboard may break if you attempt to take the whole thing off from a single point.

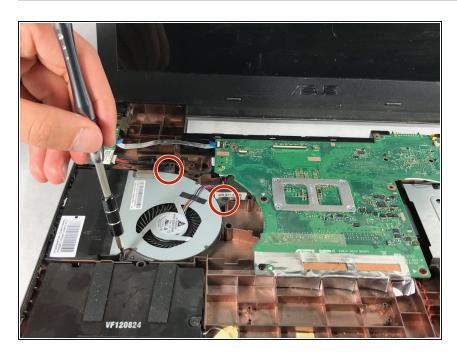


- Slowly lift the keyboard upward, but do not remove completely.
- Remove the two data cables that attach the keyboard to the motherboard.



- Use tweezers to pull the white plastic piece up that is attached to the data cable.
- Repeat this process for the big black cable as well.
- Use caution when unlatching the data cables from the motherboard. The cables are extremely delicate and can break.

## Step 9 — Fan

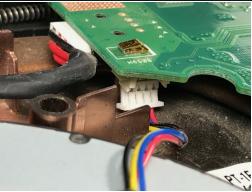


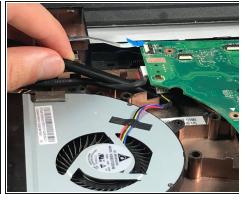
- Unscrew the three screws using the Phillips #00 screwdriver.
  - i The three screws are 5 mm in length, 4.2 mm in diameter.



- Unscrew the three screws on the left hand side of the big motherboard.
- This will loosen the motherboard, which will allow for better access to the cables in the next step.
  - i The three screws are 5 mm in length, 4.2 mm in diameter and Phillips head screws.

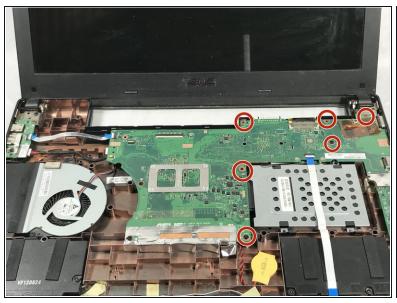






- Remove the connector cable attached to the bottom of the motherboard.
- Take the black plastic spudger and press down on the lower half of the white plastic piece to remove the connector cable.

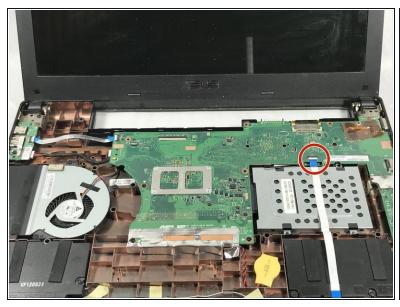
## Step 12 — Motherboard





- Unscrew the six screws that hold the motherboard to the bottom of the laptop using a Phillips #00 screwdriver.
  - i The six screws are 4.2 mm long, 5 mm in diameter.

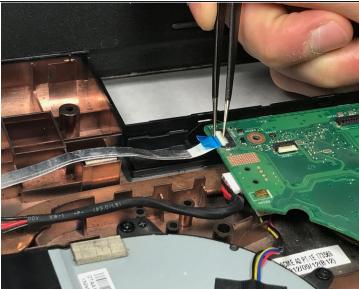
# Step 13



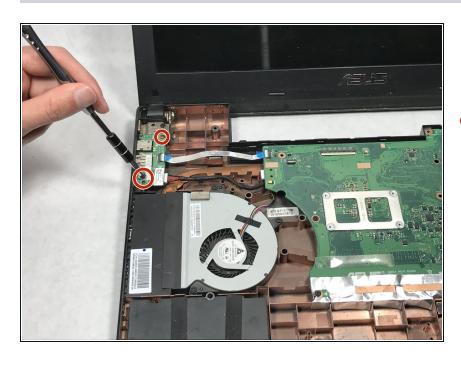


• Unlatch the data cable by using tweezers to lift the white tab and release the cable.

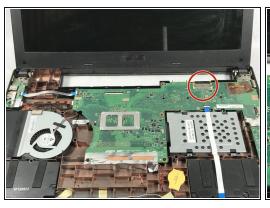




- Remove the cable on the left side of the motherboard.
- Use tweezers to pull the white tab up in order to release this cable.



- On the left side is a small piece of the motherboard. Unscrew the two screws holding this piece down with the Phillips #00 screwdriver.
  - i The two screws are 6 mm long, 4.2 mm in diameter.

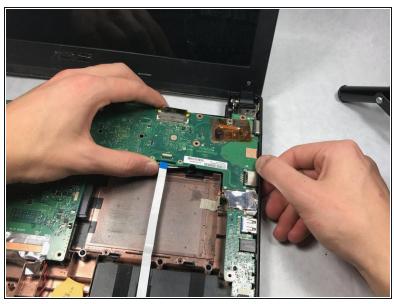


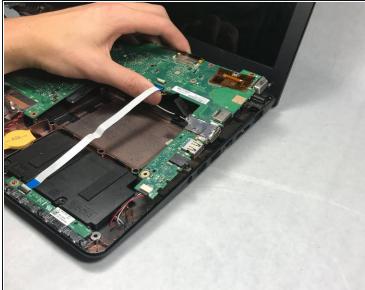




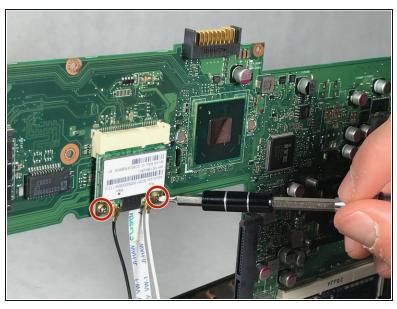
- Release the connector cable on the back right side of the motherboard.
- Peel off the tape with tweezers so that the cable can be released.
- Using the black plastic spudger, push the back half of the cable towards the screen.

# Step 17





 Grip the motherboard firmly and pull the board leftward and upwards so that the ports on the right side escape their frames.





- On the back of the motherboard there are two screws that attach the LCD connector to the motherboard.
- Unscrew the two screws using the Phillips #00 screwdriver.
  - These screws are 3 mm in length, 3.5 mm in diameter.
- Pull the connector downwards and out.

To reassemble your device, follow these instructions in reverse order.